# Fatigue: Making plans, Making sense, Making peace

Kathleen McKillip, MD



#### I have no disclosures.





#### Learning Objectives

Identify clinical resources for mitigating fatigue.

Develop an approach for **examining the impact of fatigue**on clinical priorities and decision making.





#### Road Map

- In the clinic
  - The stats
  - How clinicians think
  - Treatment possibilities
- In our own contexts
  - Theories (ways of knowing) about fatigue
  - Interrogating your experience, plans, outcomes



# FATIGUED EXHAUSTED



#### In cancer, fatigue is...

- More severe
- More distressing
- Less relieved with rest
- A subjective experience
   Tools can describe but not encompass.

Your fatigue experience does not compare or measure up to someone else's.

But you can find common ground.



#### **EVERYONE IS TIRED**

- 49% of patients with cancer in a systematic review / meta-analysis of 129 studies with 71,568 patients (32768552)
- 80% of those undergoing chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy (18204940)
- With metastatic disease, more than 75% (8039118, 1870042)
- In complete remission\*, still 29% (24436136)
  - \*breast, prostate, colorectal, lung



#### How clinicians think

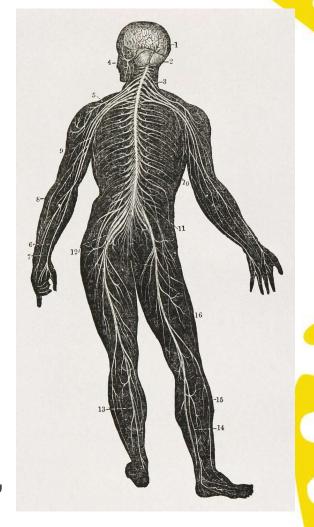
- Screening: Is it present? How severe?
- 1. Fatigue severity scale
- 2. Fatigue questionnaire
- 3. Multidimensional fatigue inventory
- 4. Multidimensional fatigue symptom inventory
- 5. Revised Piper fatigue scale
- 6. Revised Schwartz cancer fatigue scale
- 7. Brief fatigue inventory
- 8. Multidimensional assessment of fatigue
- 9. Fatigue symptom inventory
- 10. Functional Assessment of Chronic Illness Therapy-Fatigue (FACIT-F)
- 11. Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Fatigue (FACT-F)
- 12. Edmonton Symptom Assessment Scale (ESAS)



#### How clinicians think

#### Assessing

- Deeper dive to find the cause(s)
- When it started; how often; new factors; change over time; what helps or hinders; disruption; context
- Cancer itself, or treatments
- Medications, sleep, substances, other symptoms, heart, lungs, kidneys, blood, mood, hormones, infection, diet, immune





#### How clinicians think

#### Managing

- Cure (or at least lessen severity); adapt; adjust
- Team approach (rehabilitation therapies, mental health, integrative care, palliative care, nursing)

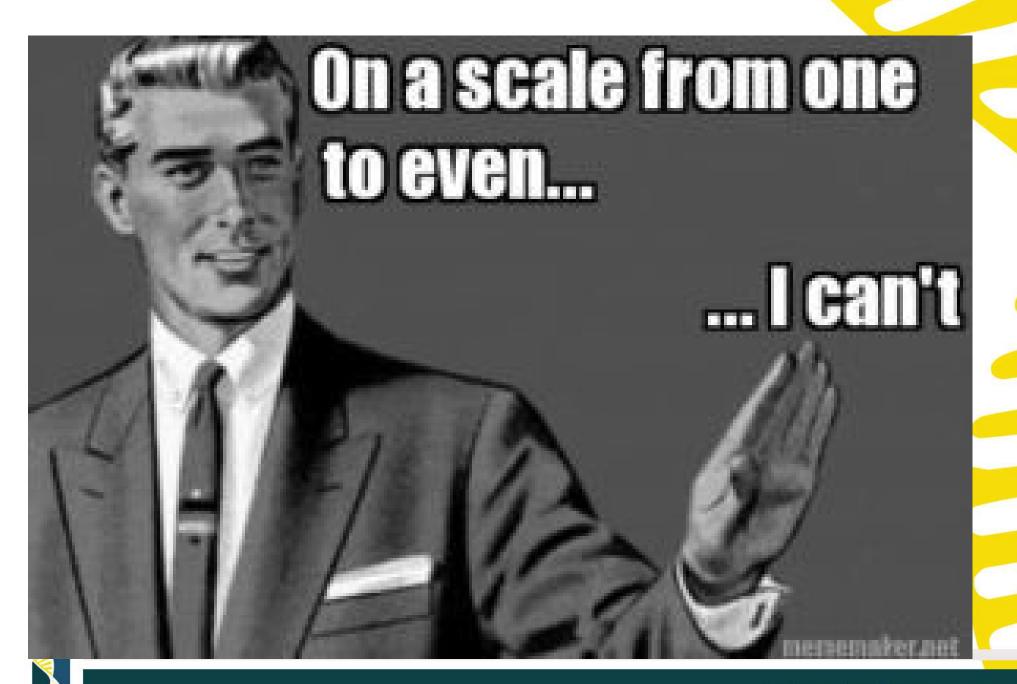




### "Here's what you need to do.."

□Fill out this survey! □Make these appointments: □Physical therapy □Nutrition □Cognitive Behavioral Therapy □Massage	□Supportive expressive therapies □Sleep □Hygiene □Diary □Environment (clean your room!)
□Daily exercise (3-5 hours / week) □Cardio □Strength □Range of motion □Mindfulness, breathing, yoga	<ul> <li>□ Medication use record</li> <li>□ Bright White Light Therapy (1250- 10,000 lux)</li> <li>□ Energy conservation:</li> <li>□ Meal trains, schedules</li> <li>□ Apps!</li> <li>□ Lists on lists! Efficiency!</li> </ul>





#### More pills?

- Stimulants
- Wakefulness agents
- Sleep aids
- Steroids
- Appetite stimulants
- Supplements
  - American ginseng, Ginger, Coenzyme Q10, Guarana, L-carnitine



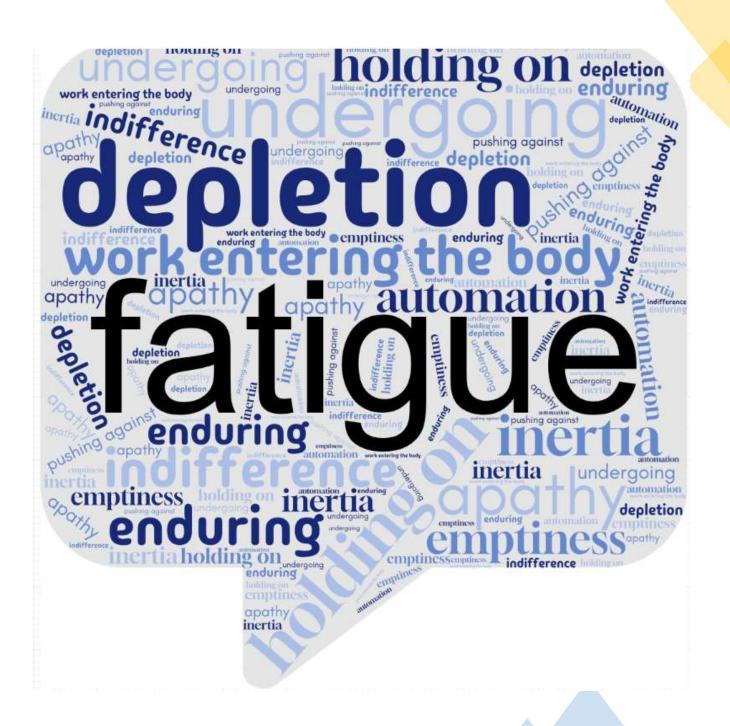
#### (And in the back of your mind...)

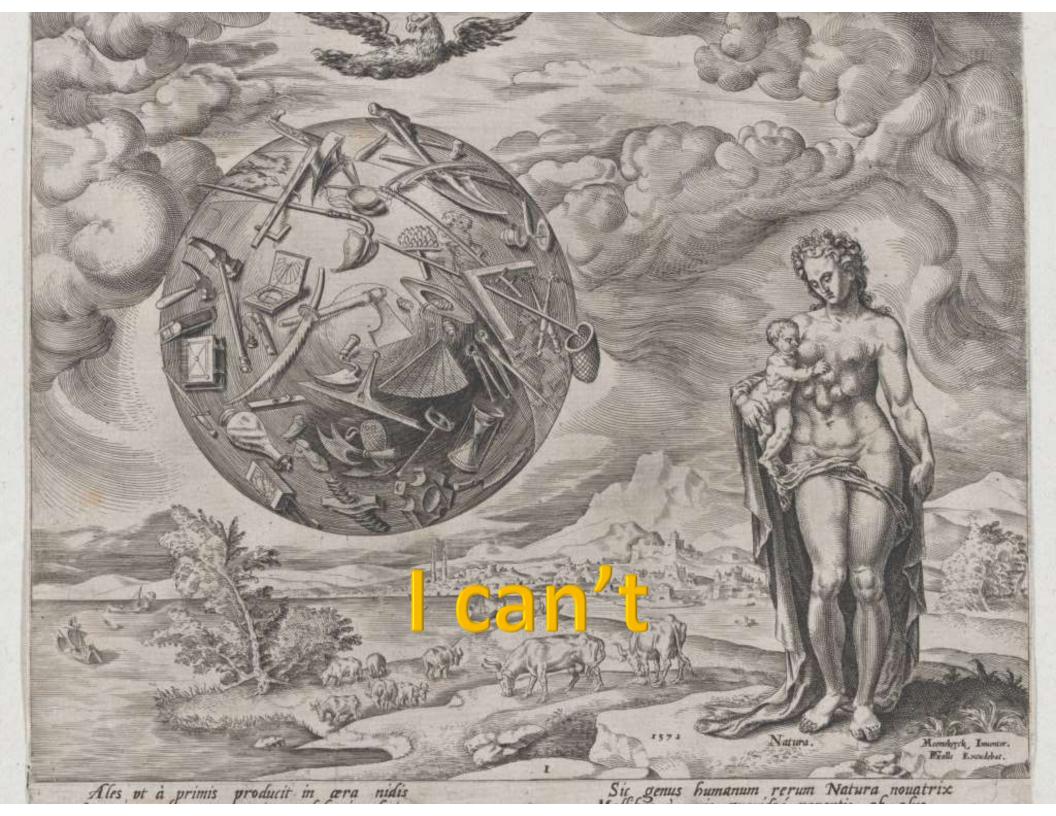
- What does this fatigue mean about my cancer?
- Will this get better?
- What should I do first?
- Am I running out of time?



Are there other ways to think about talk about interact with fatigue?



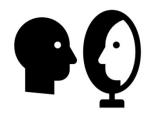








#### Interrogating our Fatigue



- You know yourself best. Trust yourself.
  - What has this been like?
  - What does it mean, for me?



- There's more than one perspective.
  - How can we talk, starting with hearing what we each worry about?
  - What would caring for me mean for them?



- Budgets, not binaries.
  - If this is the energy I have, what's my priority each day / week / month?



May 2025

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu			Sun
			folded laundry 3 emails.	Sibling 2 characterists	weeds- 30 minutes soccer game	sort pictures: PApril Meal prep
walk 30 s	Gave a Talk	6 7	8	9	10	11
12	1	3 14	15	16	17	18
19		0 21	22	23	24	25
26	2	7 28	29	30	31	

#### What does "better" look like?

- Cure: make the problem go away
- Manage: slow worsening, minimize harm
- Adapt: Strengthen reserves, function better even if the symptom persists
- Accommodate: "to make room for", heal your experience with fatigue



## Thank you.

**Questions and Discussion** 



#### Resources for Patients

- NCCN.org
- Cancer.org
- Cancer.gov
- ucsfhealth.org/education/tips-for-conserving-yourenergy
- https://www.archives-pmr.org/ Energy Conservation Techniques to Decrease Fatigue. Vatwani, Archana et al. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Volume 100, Issue 6, 1193 - 1196



#### Resources for Clinicians

- Center to Advance Palliative Care: capc.org
- nccn.org/professionals/physician\_gls/pdf/fatigue.pdf
- Journal of Pain and Symptom Management
- Thomas Cole et al. Medical Humanities: an Introduction. Cambridge UP.

